

**Contact:**

Christos Katsioulis, Director  
E: [christos.katsioulis@fes.de](mailto:christos.katsioulis@fes.de)  
M: +43 (0)676 391 50 66

**FES Regional Office for  
International Cooperation**

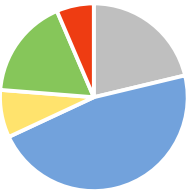
**Friedrich  
Ebert  
Stiftung**

# Security Radar 2025: The Ukraine Support Coalition in UK

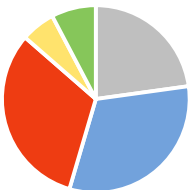
## House of Commons (Distribution of groups in parties)

■ Green (Green) Green Party of England and Wales ■ Labour (Left) Labour Party  
■ Lib Dem (Liberal) Republican Right group ■ Reform (Far Right) Reform UK  
■ SNP (Scottish) Scottish National Party ■ Tories (Right) Conservative Party

### Tories (Right)



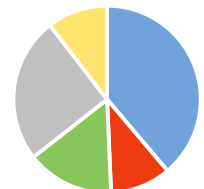
### SNP (Scottish)



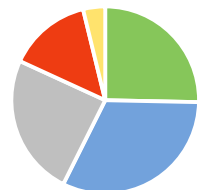
### Labour (Left)



### Lib Dem (Liberal)



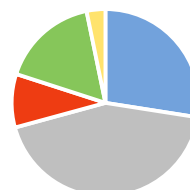
### Reform (Far Right)



### Green (Green)



### Others/not voted



■ The Reluctant ■ The Determined ■ Russia's Friends ■ Not affiliated ■ The Opportunists

**Contact:**

Christos Katsioulis, Director  
E: [christos.katsioulis@fes.de](mailto:christos.katsioulis@fes.de)  
M: +43 (0)676 391 50 66

**FES Regional Office for  
International Cooperation**

**Friedrich  
Ebert**   
**Stiftung**

## Key messages

### **1. In the United Kingdom, there is broad popular support for assisting Ukraine**

Approximately 37% of voters are “Determined” in their support, which is considerably more than in Germany, France or Poland. The groups of “Reluctant” supporters, “Russia’s Friends” and “Opportunists” are relatively small. Nevertheless, more than a third of the population cannot be affiliated to any group. These respondents are represented most strongly among non-voters.

### **2. Ukraine as a springboard for a stronger UK role in Europe**

British supporters of Ukraine should take the opportunity to forge a European strategy to continue aid for Ukraine, establish some distance from the current US administration and take practical steps towards European strategic autonomy. Even before the election of President Trump, twice as many people in the United Kingdom favoured aligning with Europe rather than with the United States if the latter withdrew from guaranteeing European security.

### **3. Welcome peace negotiations, but not at any price**

Pervasive fatigue with the war is evident in four out of the five groups and should be acknowledged. There is a strong desire to see an end to the war as soon as possible. The current US strategy of attempting to strong-arm Ukraine to the negotiating table requires a careful adaptation of the European approach. As before, they should openly welcome US diplomatic efforts, commit to the goal of a negotiated settlement and avoid the impression of wanting to prolong the war. Having said that, British politicians must focus on the principal aims of Ukrainian sovereignty, its ability to maintain a strong military force to defend itself against further aggression and »winning the peace«.

---

*The presented data and conclusions are based on the publication “How to strengthen European popular support for Ukraine” by A. Dienes/B. Unkel/C. Katsioulis (April 2025)*  
<https://library.fes.de/pdf-files/bueros/wien/22040.pdf>